

Beta-Fructosidases Present in the Midgut and Hemolymph From *Lonomia obliqua* (Lepidoptera)

Tonelotto, M.^{1,2}, Fuzita, F.J.³, Mendonça, R.Z.^{1,2}, Oliveira, U.C.⁵, Nishiyama, M.Y.⁵, Azevedo, I.L.M.J.⁵, Carvalho, E.⁶, Silva, R.A.¹, Kamitami, F.¹, Lopes, A.R.^{1,4}

- Programa de pós-graduação em Biotecnologia, ICB, São Paulo, Brazil
- ² Laboratório de Parasitologia, Instituto Butantan, São Paulo, Brazil
- ³ Laboratório de Bioquímica de Insetos, IQ, USP, São Paulo, Brazil
- ⁴ Laboratório de Bioquímica e Biofísica, Instituto Butantan, São Paulo, Brazil
 - ⁵ CETICS, Instituto Butantan, São Paulo, Brazil
 - ⁶ Centro de Biotecnologia, Instituto Butantan, São Paulo, Brazil

Introduction: Although the most studied aspect of Lonomia obligua larvae is their evolvement in human coagulation accidents, other aspects of their physiology could be explored. Previous data indicated the activity of two sucrose hydrolases in the hemolymph and midgut from *L. obligua*, which were identified as β-fructosidases with distinct kinect properties. Objectives: Identify the transcripts of ßfru in Illumina sequencing of cDNA from Lonomia obligua and correlate these with proteomic data from ßfru enriched activity fractions. Material and Methods: L. obligua larvae (6th instar) whole body cDNA was isolated and used to HiSeq analysis while the cDNA from hemolymph (HE), Malpighi tubule (MT), midgut epithelium (ME) and carcass (CA) were used to RT-PCR analysis. Proteomic nano LC-MS/MS analysis was done using the ßfru enriched active chromatographic fractions. Transcriptome and proteomic data were used to identify βfru. Results and Discussion: The analysis of the transcriptome data indicated the presence of two complete transcripts of ßfru (βfru1 and βfru2). Chromatographic fractions from HE and ME enriched on βfru activity submitted to proteomic analysis allowed the identification of 9 peptides from βfru1 and 1 from βfru2, in both samples, corroborating the transcriptome data. Preliminary RT-PCR data showed that βfru are distinctly expressed in Lonomia tissues, and are mainly expressed in ME and MT. Conclusions: This study expand the knowledge of βfru in caterpillars' tissues.

Keywords: Beta-fructosidases, *Lonomia obliqua*, hemolymph and midgut

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