

Antitumoral Effect Of Doxazosin In Human Neuroblastoma Cell Line SH-SY5Y

Lavandoski, P.1; Coelho, B.P.1; Gaelzer, M.M1.; Salbego, C.G.1; Guma, F.T.C.R.1

¹Departamento de Bioquímica, Institudo de Ciências Básicas da Saúde, Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul (UFRGS), Porto Alegre, Brasil.

INTRODUCTION: Neuroblastoma is the most common childhood solid tumor, accounting for 7% of all childhood malignancies and 10% of childhood cancer mortality. Neuroblastoma presents a highly variable clinical behavior, showing the importance of researching novel anticancer drugs and new molecular targets for treatment. Doxazosin is presently used in clinic for treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia, leading to regression of the prostatic stroma via apoptosis without significant negative effects on prostatic epithelial cells. However, the antitumor action mechanisms of doxazosin are not well understood and the drug has not been yet tested against neuroblastoma cells. **OBJETIVE:** Evaluate the potential anti-tumor effects of doxazosin in the human neuroblastoma cell line SH-SY5Y. **MATERIAL AND METHODS:** After 24h in culture, cells (5x10⁴ per well) were treated with doxazosin at concentrations from 15µM to 150µM. Confluence percentage readings (n=3) were taken before treatment, at 24h, 48h and 72h to observe the effect of different concentrations of doxazosin and treatment time in cells. Cell cycle progression (propidium iodide staining) and the type of cell death (propidium iodide and Annexin-V-FITC staining) were also analyzed. Data were analyzed by two-way ANOVA for paired samples followed by Bonferroni test. Differences were considered significant at p<0.05. **DISCUSSION AND RESULTS**: For 75µM of doxazosin the increase in confluence was slower than in control after 48h and 72h, demonstrating that doxazosin inhibited cell growth. Decreased confluence was observed at 100µM (from 48h) and 150µM (from 24h). Doxazosin induced cell cycle arrest in G0/G1 at 100µM and 150µM after 72h of treatment. Death by necrosis at 100µM of doxazosin and inicial apoptosis at 75µM were observed after 72h of treatment. CONCLUSION: Doxazosin had cytostatic effect at 75µM (48h and 72h) and cytotoxic effect at 100µM (from 48h) and 150µM (from 24h).

Palavra chave: neuroblastoma, doxazosin, SH-SY5Y Patrocínio: CAPES